

Report on Review of Interim Financial Information
**Joint stock company Russian Agricultural Bank
and its subsidiaries**
for the six-month period ended 30 June 2017

August 2017

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Report on Review of Interim Financial Information

To the Shareholder and Supervisory Board of
Joint stock company Russian Agricultural Bank

Introduction

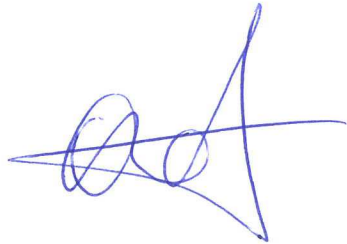
We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Joint stock company Russian Agricultural Bank and its subsidiaries, which comprise the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the interim consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, interim consolidated statement of changes in equity and interim consolidated statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and selected explanatory notes (interim financial information). Management of Joint stock company Russian Agricultural Bank is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*.



O.V. Youshenkov
Partner
Ernst & Young LLC

25 August 2017

Details of the entity

Name: Joint stock company Russian Agricultural Bank
Record made in the State Register of Legal Entities on 22 October 2002, State Registration Number 1027700342890.
Address: Russia 119034, Moscow, Gagarinsky per., 3.


Details of the auditor

Name: Ernst & Young LLC
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Ernst & Young LLC is a member of Self-regulated organization of auditors "Russian Union of auditors" (Association) ("SRO RUA"). Ernst & Young LLC is included in the control copy of the register of auditors and audit organizations, main registration number 11603050648.


Russian Agricultural Bank Group
Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
as at 30 June 2017

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Note	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		309 142	326 033
Mandatory cash balances with the Central Bank of the Russian Federation		16 229	11 266
Trading securities		27 518	25 040
Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss		1 925	2 374
Due from other banks		63 847	55 491
Derivative financial instruments	17	79 834	120 062
Loans and advances to customers	5	1 757 873	1 617 937
Investment securities available for sale		255 226	232 409
Investment securities held to maturity		25 656	11 630
Current income tax assets		520	371
Deferred income tax asset		16 265	16 298
Intangible assets		3 360	3 048
Premises and equipment		17 879	16 188
Other assets		20 185	21 294
Assets of the disposal groups held for sale and assets held for sale		2 995	3 088
Total assets		2 598 454	2 462 529
Liabilities			
Derivative financial instruments	17	3 329	1 053
Due to other banks	7	57 980	78 594
Customer accounts	8	1 848 714	1 577 767
Promissory notes issued		30 042	13 761
Bonds issued	9	345 938	455 884
Current income tax liability		356	19
Deferred income tax liability		248	239
Other liabilities		18 103	16 276
Liabilities directly associated with disposal groups held for sale		968	1 193
Total liabilities before subordinated debts		2 305 678	2 144 786
Subordinated debts		138 269	153 124
Total liabilities		2 443 947	2 297 910
Equity			
Share capital		340 598	335 598
Perpetual bonds	10	15 000	15 000
Revaluation reserve for premises		1 067	1 092
Revaluation reserve for investment securities available for sale		2 543	5 740
Accumulated loss		(204 686)	(192 807)
Equity attributable to the Bank's shareholder		154 522	164 623
Non-controlling interest		(15)	(4)
Total equity		154 507	164 619
Total liabilities and equity		2 598 454	2 462 529

Approved for issue and signed on behalf of the Management Board on 25 August 2017.


D.N. Patrushev
Chairman of the Management Board




E.A. Romankova
Deputy Chairman of the Management Board,
Chief Accountant

The notes set out on pages 9 to 37 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Russian Agricultural Bank Group
Interim Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
for the six months ended 30 June 2017

(Unaudited) <i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Note	For the six months ended 30 June		For the three months ended 30 June	
		2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest income	11	115 866	120 171	55 054	58 191
Interest expense	11	(86 369)	(93 464)	(40 387)	(44 833)
Net interest income		29 497	26 707	14 667	13 358
Provision for loan impairment		(31 937)	(40 753)	(19 569)	(27 743)
Net interest expense after provision for loan impairment		(2 440)	(14 046)	(4 902)	(14 385)
Fee and commission income	12	10 348	7 500	5 490	3 876
Fee and commission expense	12	(938)	(866)	(498)	(479)
Gains less losses/(losses net of gains) from trading securities		605	(524)	238	(512)
Gains less losses/(losses net of gains) from financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss		67	(108)	24	(150)
Gains less losses from investment securities available for sale		7 733	1 603	7 855	1 304
(Losses)/recovery of losses from impairment of investment securities available for sale		(443)	18	9	(11)
Foreign exchange translation gains less losses/(losses net of gains)		9 981	28 679	(4 501)	11 859
(Losses net of gains)/gains less losses from derivative financial instruments		(11 587)	(23 330)	4 132	(8 604)
Gains less losses/(losses net of gains) from dealing in foreign currencies		712	1 480	(557)	243
(Provision)/recovery of provision for credit related commitments and other assets impairment		(198)	(205)	(151)	36
Gains less losses from early redemption of borrowed funds		-	3	-	-
Gains from non-banking activities		4 517	4 506	1 718	2 449
Losses from non-banking activities		(4 345)	(6 771)	(2 301)	(4 927)
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries		-	(329)	-	-
Other operating income		504	1 194	10	498
Administrative and other operating expenses		(22 718)	(23 181)	(11 423)	(11 206)
Loss before tax		(8 202)	(24 377)	(4 857)	(20 009)
Income tax expense		(2 597)	(884)	(2 033)	(1 229)
Loss for the period		(10 799)	(25 261)	(6 890)	(21 238)
Loss is attributable to:					
Shareholder of the Bank		(10 788)	(25 241)	(6 876)	(21 212)
Non-controlling interest		(11)	(20)	(14)	(26)
Loss for the period		(10 799)	(25 261)	(6 890)	(21 238)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Securities available for sale:					
- Revaluation of securities at fair value		3 741	7 207	1 760	1 387
- Realised revaluation reserve (at disposal)		(7 733)	(1 603)	(7 855)	(1 304)
Income tax		795	(1 121)	1 216	(17)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods, net of tax		(3 197)	4 483	(4 879)	66
Total other comprehensive (loss)/income		(3 197)	4 483	(4 879)	66
Total other comprehensive loss for the period		(13 996)	(20 778)	(11 769)	(21 172)
Total comprehensive loss for the period is attributable to:					
Shareholder of the Bank		(13 985)	(20 758)	(11 755)	(21 146)
Non-controlling interest		(11)	(20)	(14)	(26)
Total other comprehensive loss for the period		(13 996)	(20 778)	(11 769)	(21 172)

The notes set out on pages 9 to 37 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Russian Agricultural Bank Group
Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
for the six months ended 30 June 2017

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Note	Attributable to shareholder of the Bank							Non-controlling interest	Total equity
		Share capital	Perpetual bonds	Revaluation reserve for premises	Revaluation reserve for investment securities available for sale	Accumulated loss	Total			
Balance at 31 December 2015		327 598	-	1 213	279	(134 018)	195 072	733	195 805	
Loss for the period, net of tax		-	-	-	-	(25 241)	(25 241)	(20)	(25 261)	
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax		-	-	-	4 483	-	4 483	-	4 483	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period, net of tax		-	-	-	4 483	(25 241)	(20 758)	(20)	(20 778)	
Share issue		8 000	-	-	-	-	8 000	-	8 000	
Disposal of subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	196	196	
Depreciation of revaluation reserve for premises		-	-	(29)	-	29	-	-	-	
Balance at 30 June 2016 (unaudited)		335 598	-	1 184	4 762	(159 230)	182 314	909	183 223	
Balance at 31 December 2016		335 598	15 000	1 092	5 740	(192 807)	164 623	(4)	164 619	
Loss for the period, net of tax		-	-	-	-	(10 788)	(10 788)	(11)	(10 799)	
Other comprehensive loss for the period, net of tax		-	-	-	(3 197)	-	(3 197)	-	(3 197)	
Total comprehensive loss for the period, net of tax		-	-	-	(3 197)	(10 788)	(13 985)	(11)	(13 996)	
Share issue	19	5 000	-	-	-	-	5 000	-	5 000	
Depreciation of revaluation reserve for premises		-	-	(25)	-	25	-	-	-	
Dividends declared		-	-	-	-	(257)	(257)	-	(257)	
Amounts due under perpetual bonds (coupon accrued)	10	-	-	-	-	(1 074)	(1 074)	-	(1 074)	
Tax effect recognized on perpetual bonds		-	-	-	-	215	215	-	215	
Balance at 30 June 2017 (unaudited)		340 598	15 000	1 067	2 543	(204 686)	154 522	(15)	154 507	

The notes set out on pages 9 to 37 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Russian Agricultural Bank Group
Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
for the six months ended 30 June 2017

<i>(Unaudited)</i> In millions of Russian Roubles	Note	For the six months ended 30 June	
		2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest received		127 725	127 371
Interest paid		(93 502)	(90 158)
Income received from trading in securities and financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss		7 867	1 187
Income received from derivative financial instruments		30 917	8 904
Income received from dealing in foreign currencies		712	1 480
Fees and commissions received		10 486	7 595
Fees and commissions paid		(938)	(865)
Other operating income received		1 335	481
Net income received from insurance operations		1 009	454
Income received from non-banking activities		2 235	3 334
Losses incurred from non-banking activities		(3 944)	(4 102)
Administrative and other operating expenses paid		(21 677)	(17 864)
Income tax paid		(1 537)	(1 219)
Cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities		60 688	36 598
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Net increase in mandatory cash balances with the Central Bank of the Russian Federation		(4 963)	(830)
Net increase in trading securities		(2 922)	(16 263)
Net decrease in financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss		583	1 258
Net (increase)/decrease in due from other banks		(4 730)	9 007
Net increase in loans and advances to customers		(185 657)	(81 906)
Net decrease in other assets		3 623	2 985
Net decrease in due to other banks		(9 339)	(16 018)
Net increase in customer accounts		266 757	223 868
Net increase/(decrease) in promissory notes issued		17 126	(2 691)
Net decrease in other liabilities		(1 005)	(567)
Net cash from operating activities		140 161	155 441
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of premises and equipment		(2 833)	(607)
Proceeds from disposal of premises and equipment		303	65
Acquisition of intangible assets		(917)	(548)
Acquisition of investment securities available for sale		(191 509)	(139 888)
Proceeds from disposal of investment securities available for sale		146 544	140 363
Acquisition of investment securities held to maturity		(1 777)	-
Proceeds from redemption of investment securities held to maturity		1 897	2 561
Net cash (used in)/from investing activities		(48 292)	1 946
Cash flows from financing activities			
Issue of ordinary shares	19	5 000	8 000
Repayment of subordinated debts		(12 000)	-
Proceeds from bonds issued	9	20 000	-
Repayment of bonds issued		(100 159)	(44 438)
Proceeds from sale of previously bought back bonds issued on domestic market		14 954	22 520
Buy back of bonds issued at or prior to put option date		(30 500)	(29 908)
Proceeds from sale of previously bought back Eurobonds issued		12 000	9 917
Buy back of Eurobonds issued		(16 740)	(8 531)
Amounts paid on perpetual bonds	10	(1 078)	-
Proceeds from sale of non-controlling interests in consolidated mutual funds		416	-
Payments on disposal of non-controlling interests in consolidated mutual funds		(170)	-
Proceeds from sale of previously bought back subordinated debts		-	7 724
Buy back of subordinated debts		-	(7 264)
Net cash used in financing activities		(108 277)	(41 980)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(483)	(5 889)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(16 891)	109 518
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		326 033	168 232
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		309 142	277 750

The notes set out on pages 9 to 37 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

1 Introduction

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* (“IAS 34”) for the six months ended 30 June 2017 for Joint Stock Company Russian Agricultural Bank (the “Bank”) and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the “Group”).

The Bank was incorporated and is domiciled in the Russian Federation. The Bank is a joint stock company limited by shares and was set up in accordance with Russian regulations.

The Bank’s only shareholder is the Russian Federation acting through the Federal Agency for Managing State Property which holds the Bank’s issued and outstanding ordinary shares (72.4% from total share capital (31 December 2016: 71.99% from total share capital)), the Ministry of Finance of the Russian Federation which holds the Bank’s issued and outstanding preference shares (7.36% from total share capital (31 December 2016: 7.47% from total share capital)) and the State Corporation “Deposit Insurance Agency” which holds the Bank’s issued and outstanding preference shares (20.24% from total share capital (31 December 2016: 20.54% from total share capital)).

The Group’s structure comprises of the Bank and its subsidiaries. Principal subsidiaries of the Bank are Joint Stock Company RSHB-Insurance (ownership interest of the Bank is 100%), RSHB Capital S.A. (structured entity incorporated for Eurobonds issue for the Bank), Limited Liability Company RSHB Asset Management (ownership interest of the Bank is 100%) and 34 companies and mutual funds operating in agricultural and other industries (ownership interest of the Bank is from 7% to 100%).

Principal activity. The Bank’s principal business activity is commercial and retail banking operations in the Russian Federation with emphasis on lending to agricultural enterprises. The main objectives of the Bank are:

- to participate in realisation of the monetary policy of the Russian Federation in the area of agricultural production;
- to develop within the agricultural industry a national system of lending to the domestic agricultural producers; and
- to maintain an effective and uninterrupted performance of the settlement system in the area of agricultural production across the Russian Federation.

The Bank has operated under a full banking license issued by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation (“CBRF”) since 13 June 2000. The Bank participates in the State deposit insurance scheme, which was introduced by Federal Law # 177-FZ *Deposits of Individuals Insurance in Russian Federation* dated 23 December 2003. The State Deposit Insurance Agency guarantees repayment of 100% of individual and/or individual entrepreneur current accounts and deposits up to RR 1 400 thousand per individual or individual entrepreneur in case of the withdrawal of a licence of a bank or a CBRF imposed moratorium on payments.

The Bank has 73 (31 December 2016: 73) branches within the Russian Federation. The Bank’s registered address is 119034 Russia, Moscow, Gagarinsky Pereulok, 3. The Bank’s principal place of business is 119019 Russia, Moscow, Arbat, 1.

The number of the Group’s employees as at 30 June 2017 was 30 312 (31 December 2016: 30 271).

Presentation currency. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Russian Roubles (“RR”). All amounts are expressed in RR millions unless otherwise stated.

2 Operating Environment of the Group

Russian Federation. The Russian Federation displays certain characteristics of an emerging market. Its economy is particularly sensitive to oil and gas prices. The legal, tax and regulatory frameworks continue to develop and are subject to varying interpretation.

The Russian economy continues to show recessionary trend. Economic indicators of the second quarter 2017 reflect maintaining the main negative factors for economic development. The duration and depth of the recession were largely caused by such factors as unfavourable raw material market conjuncture, particularly, significant drop in crude oil prices, the effect of international sanctions imposed against certain Russian companies and individuals, reduction of investments and decline in the household consumption.

2 Operating Environment of the Group (Continued)

These events may have a further significant impact on the Group's future operations and financial position, the effect of which is difficult to predict.

During the six months ended 30 June 2017, the following were the key changes in selected macro-economic indicators:

- the CBRF exchange rate appreciated from RR 60.6569 to RR 59.0855 per US Dollar;
- the CBRF key rate decreased from 10.0% p.a. to 9.0% p.a.;
- the RTS stock exchange index decreased from 1152.3 to 1001.0.

While management believes it is taking appropriate measures to support the sustainability of the Group's business in the current circumstances, unexpected further deterioration in the areas described above could negatively affect the Group's results and financial position in a manner not currently determinable.

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of preparation. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS.

The functional currency of the Bank and its subsidiaries, and the Group's presentation currency is the national currency of the Russian Federation, Russian Roubles. As at 30 June 2017 the principal rates of exchange used for translating foreign currency balances were USD 1 = RR 59.0855 (31 December 2016: USD 1 = RR 60.6569), EUR 1 = RR 67.4993 (31 December 2016: EUR 1 = RR 63.8111).

The accounting policies applied in the preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016, except for the changes introduced due to implementation of new and/or revised standards and interpretations as at 1 January 2017 or as at the date indicated, noted below. The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

The nature and the effect of these changes are disclosed below. Although these new standards and amendments apply for the first time in 2017, they do not have a material effect on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group. The nature and the impact of each new standard or amendment are described below:

Disclosure Initiative — Amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash flows (issued in January 2016 and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017). The amended IAS 7 requires disclosure of a reconciliation of movements in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes (such as foreign exchange gains less losses). On initial application of the amendment, entities are not required to provide comparative information for preceding periods. The Group is not required to provide additional disclosures in its interim condensed consolidated financial statements, but will disclose additional information in its annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses — Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes (issued in January 2016 and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017). The amendment has clarified the requirements on recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses on debt instruments. The entity will have to recognise deferred tax asset for unrealised losses that arise as a result of discounting cash flows of debt instruments at market interest rates, even if it expects to hold the instrument to maturity and no tax will be payable upon collecting the principal amount. The economic benefit embodied in the deferred tax asset arises from the ability of the holder of the debt instrument to achieve future gains (unwinding of the effects of discounting) without paying taxes on those gains.

Entities are required to apply the amendments retrospectively. However, on initial application of the amendments, the change in the opening equity of the earliest comparative period may be recognised in opening retained earnings (or in another component of equity, as appropriate), without allocating the change between opening retained earnings and other components of equity. Entities applying this relief must disclose that fact.

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Group applied the amendments retrospectively. However, their application has no effect on the Group's financial position and performance.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle (issued in December 2016 and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 for amendments to IFRS 12, and on or after 1 January 2018 for amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 28). Amendments to IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Clarification of the scope of disclosure requirements in IFRS 12. The amendments clarify the scope of the disclosure requirements in IFRS 12 by specifying that the disclosure requirements in IFRS 12, other than those relating to summarised financial information for subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates, apply to an entity's interests in other entities that are classified as held for sale or discontinued operations in accordance with IFRS 5. The Group has adopted the amendments retrospectively. As the disclosure requirements in IFRS 12 do not specifically apply to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements, the Group did not provide these disclosures for its interest in a subsidiary classified as a disposal group held for sale. The Group will consider the disclosure of the required information in its annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

4 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements in Applying Accounting Policies

The accounting estimates and judgements applied in the preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the annual consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements and estimates that can cause a significant adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial period include:

Impairment losses on loans and advances. The Group regularly reviews its loan portfolios to assess impairment. In determining whether an impairment loss should be recorded in the profit or loss, the Group makes judgements as to whether there is any observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a portfolio of loans before the decrease can be identified with an individual loan in that portfolio. This evidence may include observable data indicating that there has been an adverse change in the payment status of borrowers in a group, or national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on assets in a particular group.

Management determined loan impairment provisions using the "incurred loss" model required by the applicable accounting standards. These standards require recognition of impairment losses that arose from past events and prohibit recognition of impairment losses that could arise from future events, including future changes in the economic environment, no matter how likely those future events are. Thus final impairment losses from financial assets could differ significantly from the current level of provisions. Refer to Note 5.

Management uses estimates based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics and objective evidence of impairment similar to those in the portfolio when scheduling its future cash flows. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating both the amount and timing of future cash flows are reviewed regularly to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

Held-to-maturity financial assets. Management applies judgment in assessing whether financial assets can be categorized as held-to-maturity, in particular its intention and ability to hold the assets to maturity. If the Group fails to keep these investments to maturity other than in certain specific circumstances — for example, selling an insignificant amount or a sale close to maturity — it will be required to reclassify the entire class as available-for-sale. The investments would therefore be measured at fair value rather than amortised cost.

Fair value of derivatives. The fair values of financial derivatives that are not quoted in active markets are determined by using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by qualified personnel independent of the area that created them. To the extent practical, models use only observable data, however areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect reported fair values. Refer to Note 17.

4 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements in Applying Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred income tax asset recognition. The recognized deferred tax asset represents income taxes recoverable through future deductions from taxable profits, and is recorded in the interim consolidated statement of financial position. Deferred income tax assets are recorded to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit is probable. The future taxable profits and the amount of tax benefits that are probable in the future are based on a medium term business plan prepared by management and extrapolated results thereafter. The business plan is based on management expectations that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances and approved by the management of the Bank. A key assumption in the business plan is to obtain profits in subsequent financial years through widening of product range and client base.

Structured entities. The Group considers RSHB Capital S.A. incorporated for Eurobonds issue for the Bank as consolidated structured entity under IFRS 12 requirements. As at 30 June 2017 the Group guarantees all obligations of the consolidated structured entity represented by Eurobonds issued in the amount of RR 194 229 million and subordinated debts in the amount of RR 29 936 million (31 December 2016: Eurobonds issued in the amount of RR 294 941 million and subordinated debts in the amount of RR 30 735 million). During six months ended 30 June 2017 and the year ended 31 December 2016 the Group did not provide any other financial support to the consolidated structured entity. The Group has no other current obligation or intention neither to provide financial or other support to the consolidated structured entity nor to assist it in obtaining financial support.

Holding Corporate Eurobonds in the trading and investment portfolios of the Group is considered under IFRS 12 requirements as interest in unconsolidated structured entities. Maximum exposure equals to carrying value of Corporate Eurobonds.

5 Loans and Advances to Customers

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Loans to legal entities:		
- Loans to corporates	1 583 411	1 446 442
- Lending for food interventions	39 496	33 921
- Deals with securities purchased under "reverse repo agreements"	90	-
- Investments in agricultural cooperatives	379	395
Loans to individuals	336 457	327 131
Total loans and advances to customers (before impairment)	1 959 833	1 807 889
Less: provision for loan impairment	(201 960)	(189 952)
Total loans and advances to customers	1 757 873	1 617 937

Lending for food interventions is represented by loans to the company under the control of the Russian Federation.

As at 30 June 2017, the Group has loans to ten largest borrowers (groups of borrowers) in the total amount of RR 461 588 million (before impairment), or 24% of total loans and advances to customers (before impairment) (31 December 2016: the Group has loans to ten largest borrowers (groups of borrowers) in the total amount of RR 411 443 million (before impairment), or 23% of total loans and advances to customers (before impairment)).

5 Loans and Advances to Customers (Continued)

Analysis of the movements in the provision for loan impairment is as follows:

<i>(Unaudited)</i> <i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	For the six months ended 30 June 2017				For the six months ended 30 June 2016			
	Loans to corporates	Investments in agricultural cooperatives	Loans to individuals	Total	Loans to corporates	Investments in agricultural cooperatives	Loans to individuals	Total
Provision for loan impairment at 1 January	176 153	49	13 750	189 952	166 293	63	12 868	179 224
Net provision for loan impairment during the period	28 485	7	3 451	31 943	37 171	(7)	3 589	40 753
Provision for loans sold during the period	(11 954)	-	(1 944)	(13 898)	(28 425)	-	(1 403)	(29 828)
Loans and advances to customers written off during the period as uncollectible	(6 747)	-	(8)	(6 755)	(18 265)	-	(22)	(18 287)
Recovery of loans previously written off sold during the period	360	-	-	360	375	-	-	375
Recovery of loans previously written off	358	-	-	358	244	-	-	244
Provision for loan impairment at 30 June	186 655	56	15 249	201 960	157 393	56	15 032	172 481

No provision for “Lending for food interventions” and “Reverse repo agreements” was recorded as at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016.

Refer to Note 18 for the disclosure of fair value of each class of loans and advances to customers and fair value hierarchy for loans and advances to customers. The information on related party transactions is disclosed in Note 19.

6 Reclassification from Investment Securities Available for Sale

During six months ended 30 June 2017 the Group reclassified certain financial assets from the available-for-sale category as a result of reassessment of its intention to hold these investments till maturity.

As at 30 June 2017, the amount of all investment securities that have been reclassified from investment securities available for sale during six months ended 30 June 2017 and which were not fully repaid yet, were as follows:

<i>(Unaudited)</i> <i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Amount reclassified as at reclassification date	Undiscounted cash flows expected to be recovered	Effective interest rate (%)
Corporate bonds	6 093	7 756	8.2-9.5
Municipal and subfederal bonds	7 640	7 118	6.4-10.4
Total investment securities that have been reclassified from available-for-sale category to held-to-maturity category	13 733	14 874	

7 Due to Other Banks

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Correspondent accounts and overnight placements of other banks	10 489	7 900
Borrowings from other banks with term to maturity:		
- less than 30 days	4 363	3 627
- from 31 to 180 days	381	18 109
- from 181 days to 1 year	26	109
- from 1 year to 3 years	724	800
- more than 3 years	19 120	19 114
Borrowings from the CBRF with term to maturity:		
- less than 30 days	159	75
- from 31 to 180 days	1 571	3 910
- from 181 days to 1 year	2 197	2 191
- from 1 year to 3 years	18 950	22 759
Total due to other banks	57 980	78 594

Refer to Note 18 for the disclosure of the fair value and fair value hierarchy for due to other banks. The information on related party transactions is disclosed in Note 19.

8 Customer Accounts

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
State and public organisations		
- Current/settlement accounts	11 038	11 476
- Term deposits	357 997	381 482
Other legal entities		
- Current/settlement accounts	123 412	115 026
- Term deposits	622 356	456 752
Individuals		
- Current/demand accounts	64 242	53 402
- Term deposits	669 669	559 629
Total customer accounts	1 848 714	1 577 767

State and public organisations exclude state-controlled joint stock companies.

8 Customer Accounts (Continued)

Economic sector concentrations within customer accounts are as follows:

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	30 June 2017 (unaudited)		31 December 2016	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Individuals	733 911	40	613 031	39
State and public organisations	369 035	20	392 958	25
Manufacturing	166 814	9	100 843	6
Financial services and pension funds	166 739	9	145 522	9
Agriculture	65 856	4	62 338	4
Construction	64 347	3	75 590	5
Trading	55 270	3	44 155	3
Insurance	51 011	3	58 479	4
Other	175 731	9	84 851	5
Total customer accounts	1 848 714	100	1 577 767	100

Refer to Note 18 for the disclosure of the fair value and fair value hierarchy for customer accounts. The information on related party transactions is disclosed in Note 19.

9 Bonds Issued

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Eurobonds issued	194 229	294 941
Bonds issued on domestic market	151 709	160 943
Total bonds issued	345 938	455 884

As at 30 June 2017, bonds issued consist of US Dollars and Russian Roubles denominated Eurobonds (31 December 2016: bonds issued consist of US Dollars and Russian Roubles denominated Eurobonds) issued by the Group through its structured entity RSHB Capital S.A. as well as Russian Roubles denominated bonds issued on domestic market.

In February 2017, the Group redeemed at the maturity date bonds denominated in Russian Roubles issued on the domestic market with a total nominal value of RR 10 000 million.

In February 2017, the Group repaid at the maturity date Eurobonds (loan participation notes) (placed at par) denominated in Russian Roubles in the amount of RR 20 000 million, issued in February and July 2012.

In March 2017, the Group issued on the domestic market RR 10 000 million bonds (placed at par) maturing in September 2020 with semi-annual payments of coupon at 9.5% p.a.

In May 2017, the Group repaid at the maturity date Eurobonds (loan participation notes) (placed at par) denominated in US Dollars in the amount of USD 1 148 million, equivalent to RR 67 195 million as at maturity date, issued in May 2007.

In June 2017, the Group issued on the domestic market RR 10 000 million bonds (placed at par) maturing in June 2021 with semi-annual payments of coupon at 8.65% p.a.

In June 2017, the Group redeemed at the maturity date bonds denominated in Russian Roubles issued on the domestic market with a total nominal value of RR 15 000 million.

During six months ended 30 June 2017, the Group repurchased bonds denominated in RR issued on the domestic market in the amount of RR 30 467 million at the put option date.

9 Bonds Issued (Continued)

During six months ended 30 June 2017, the Group re-issued on the domestic market RR 14 949 million of previously bought back bonds maturing from September 2017 to September 2024 with coupon from 8.5% to 11.10% p.a.

Refer to Note 18 for the disclosure of the fair value and fair value hierarchy for bonds issued. Refer to Note 20 for information on redemptions after the end of the reporting period.

10 Perpetual Bonds

As at 30 June 2017, the Group's perpetual bonds equal to RR 15 000 million.

In July 2016, the Group issued on the domestic market RR 10 000 million subordinated perpetual bonds (placed at par). Perpetual bonds have an unlimited term and are redeemable at the Group's option starting from July 2026 at their principal amount in the end date of each next duration 10-year-period. Coupon rate is fixed at 14.5% p.a. and will be reset every 10 years as 10-year OFZ yield increased by initial spread plus 100 b.p. Coupon payments are paid semi-annually from January 2017 and may be cancelled or deferred in accordance with the terms of the notes.

In October 2016, the Group issued on the domestic market RR 5 000 million subordinated perpetual bonds (placed at par). Perpetual bonds have an unlimited term and are redeemable at the Group's option starting from September 2026 at their principal amount at their principal amount in the end date of each next duration 10-year-period. Coupon rate is fixed at 14.25% p.a. and will be reset every 10 years as 10-year OFZ yield increased by initial spread plus 100 b.p. Coupon payments are paid semi-annually from April 2017 and may be cancelled or deferred in accordance with the terms of the notes.

In January 2017, the Group paid the amount due under perpetual bonds in the total amount of RR 723 million including coupon accrued in 2017 in the amount of RR 58 million for the coupon period ended in January 2017.

In April 2017, the Group paid the amount due under perpetual bonds in the total amount of RR 355 million for the coupon period ended in April 2017.

As at 30 June 2017, the Group accrued amounts due under perpetual bonds in the amount of RR 661 million.

11 Interest Income and Expense

<i>(Unaudited)</i> In millions of Russian Roubles	For the six months ended 30 June		For the three months ended 30 June	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest income on financial instruments carried at fair value through profit or loss				
Trading securities	1 493	237	790	217
Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	95	71	45	22
Total interest income on financial instruments carried at fair value through profit or loss	1 588	308	835	239
Interest income on other financial instruments				
Loans and advances to legal entities	69 185	76 482	33 726	37 455
Loans and advances to individuals	23 738	21 513	12 030	10 626
Investment securities available for sale including pledged under repurchase agreements	10 398	12 011	5 250	5 904
Cash equivalents	5 499	3 888	1 119	1 327
Due from other banks	4 583	4 659	1 475	1 833
Investment securities held to maturity including pledged under repurchase agreements	875	1 310	619	807
Total interest income on other financial instruments	114 278	119 863	54 219	57 952
Total interest income	115 866	120 171	55 054	58 191
Interest expense				
Term deposits of legal entities	(39 285)	(36 994)	(17 418)	(18 239)
Term deposits of individuals	(21 835)	(21 399)	(10 946)	(10 537)
Bonds issued	(15 793)	(23 068)	(7 295)	(10 176)
Subordinated debts	(5 179)	(7 648)	(2 836)	(3 718)
Current/settlement accounts	(1 577)	(845)	(849)	(521)
Promissory notes issued	(1 077)	(782)	(383)	(431)
Term deposits of the CBRF	(1 017)	(2 057)	(470)	(843)
Term deposits of other banks	(606)	(671)	(190)	(368)
Total interest expense	(86 369)	(93 464)	(40 387)	(44 833)
Net interest income	29 497	26 707	14 667	13 358

The information on related party transactions is disclosed in Note 19.

12 Fee and Commission Income and Expense

<i>(Unaudited)</i> In millions of Russian Roubles	For the six months ended 30 June		For the three months ended 30 June	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Fee and commission income				
Commission on cash and settlements transactions	4 767	3 968	2 588	2 110
Fees for sale of insurance contracts	2 529	1 446	1 526	886
Commission on guarantees issued	1 212	1 023	551	388
Commission on banking cards	453	316	243	169
Fees for currency control	101	101	52	53
Other	1 286	646	530	270
Total fee and commission income	10 348	7 500	5 490	3 876
Fee and commission expense				
Commission on settlement transactions	(558)	(398)	(352)	(200)
Commission on cash collection	(216)	(207)	(98)	(128)
Other	(164)	(261)	(48)	(151)
Total fee and commission expense	(938)	(866)	(498)	(479)
Net fee and commission income	9 410	6 634	4 992	3 397

13 Gains less Losses/(Losses Net of Gains) from Non-banking Activities

<i>(Unaudited)</i> In millions of Russian Roubles	For the six months ended 30 June		For the three months ended 30 June	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Sales of goods	2 533	3 087	859	1 767
Cost of goods sold	(2 561)	(2 901)	(933)	(1 515)
Impairment of premises and equipment	-	(2 320)	-	(2 320)
Provision for impairment for trade receivables, prepayments and other financial assets	(57)	(94)	(16)	(159)
Net income from insurance operations	897	646	184	216
Other non-banking income	588	470	124	228
Other non-banking expenses	(1 228)	(1 153)	(801)	(695)
Total gains less losses from non-banking activities	172	(2 265)	(583)	(2 478)

Sales of goods mainly represent sales of grain, sugar, meat and milk products, animal feedstuff and other non-foods agricultures.

13 Gains less Losses/(Losses Net of Gains) from Non-banking Activities (Continued)

Net income from insurance operations is as follows:

(Unaudited) <i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	For the six months ended 30 June		For the three months ended 30 June	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Insurance premiums				
Premium earned	2 369	1 682	1 496	918
Reinsurers share in premiums earned	(973)	(733)	(761)	(457)
Net insurance premiums earned	1 396	949	735	461
Insurance benefits and claims				
Net claims incurred during the period	(676)	(178)	(574)	(269)
Acquisition costs	(291)	(305)	(182)	(156)
Reinsurers share in claims incurred during the period	468	180	205	180
Net insurance benefits and claims	(499)	(303)	(551)	(245)
Net income from insurance operations	897	646	184	216

14 Significant Risk Concentrations

As at 30 June 2017, correspondent accounts and deposits with other banks with original maturities less than one month within cash and cash equivalents included balances with two Russian banking groups with rating of the parent bank not lower than Ba2 (Moody's) and one OECD banking group with rating of the parent bank at BBB+ (S&P), each individually above 10% of the Group's equity, in the amount of RR 68 850 million, or 22% of total cash and cash equivalents (31 December 2016: balances with one Russian banking group with rating of the parent bank at Ba2 (Moody's) and one OECD banking group with rating of the parent bank at BBB- (S&P), each individually above 10% of the Group's equity, in the amount of RR 48 259 million, or 15% of total cash and cash equivalents).

As at 30 June 2017, cash and cash equivalents included the balances with CBRF in the total amount of RR 126 223 million, or 41% of total cash and cash equivalents (31 December 2016: RR 128 335 million, or 39% of total cash and cash equivalents).

As at 30 June 2017, due from other banks included the balance with one Russian banking group with rating of the parent bank at Ba2 (Moody's), individually above 10% of the Group's equity, in the amount of RR 33 489 million, or 52% of total due from other banks (31 December 2016: due from other banks included the balance with one Russian banking group with rating of the parent bank at Ba2 (Moody's) individually above 10% of the Group's equity, in the amount of RR 24 820 million, or 45% of total due from other banks).

As at 30 June 2017, due to other banks included balances with CBRF above 10% of the Group's equity in the amount of RR 22 877 million, or 39% of total due to other banks (31 December 2016: due to other banks included balances with CBRF above 10% of the Group's equity in the amount of RR 28 930 million, or 37% of total due to other banks).

As at 30 June 2017, due to other banks included no balances with other banks individually above 10% of the Group's equity (31 December 2016: due to other banks included the balances with one OECD banking group individually above 10% of the Group's equity with rating of the parent bank at A+ (S&P) in the amount of RR 17 502 million, or 22% of total due to other banks.). As at 30 June 2017, due to other banks included the balances with one OECD banking group with rating of the parent bank at A- (S&P) and one Russian banking group with rating of the parent bank at BB+ (S&P) in aggregate above 10% of the Group's equity, in the amount of RR 15 780 million, or 27% of total due to other banks.

14 Significant Risk Concentrations (Continued)

As at 30 June 2017, customer accounts included balances with eleven customers each above 10% of the Group's equity (31 December 2016: balances with six customers each above 10% of the Group's equity). The aggregate balance of these customers was RR 539 963 million, or 29% of total customer accounts (31 December 2016: RR 478 554 million, or 30% of total customer accounts).

15 Segment Analysis

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Group's Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. The Management Board has been identified as the CODM.

The Management Board of the Bank performs geographic analysis of the Bank's operations and therefore the Bank's regional branches have been designated as operating segments.

Taking into account the administrative-territorial division of Russia, federal districts of the Russian Federation have been designated as reportable segments.

The Management Board of the Bank assesses efficiency of operating segments based on a financial performance measure prepared from statutory accounting data.

The accounting policy of the operating segments is based on Russian Accounting Rules (RAR) and thus significantly differs from policies described in the summary of significant accounting policies in the Group's last annual consolidated financial statements.

15 Segment Analysis (Continued)

Segment reporting of the Group's revenue and (loss)/profit for the six months ended 30 June 2017 and for the six months ended 30 June 2016 and segment reporting of the Group's assets at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Head office	Central federal district	Far-Eastern federal district	Volga federal district	North-West federal district	North-Caucasian federal district	Siberian federal district	Ural federal district	Southern federal district	Total
For the six months ended 30 June 2017 (unaudited)										
Revenue from external customers	24 844	36 486	3 614	21 962	8 555	5 731	9 137	3 988	15 841	130 158
- Interest income from loans and advances to customers, due from other banks and other placed funds	23 840	33 448	3 089	19 773	7 629	4 968	7 796	3 613	14 734	118 890
- Net fee and commission income from credit related operations	1 004	3 038	525	2 189	926	763	1 341	375	1 107	11 268
Gains less losses/(losses net of gains) arising from securities, derivative financial instruments and foreign currency	15 963	(2 445)	125	(2)	(740)	(52)	22	(257)	709	13 323
Interest expenses from due to other banks, customer accounts and bonds issued	(53 319)	(11 051)	(2 783)	(7 574)	(4 677)	(1 478)	(3 560)	(1 871)	(2 827)	(89 140)
(Provision)/recovery of provision for impairment*	(2 901)	(2 388)	(310)	(1 561)	923	(5 825)	(707)	(409)	3 295	(9 883)
Administrative and maintenance expense	(15 756)	(1 055)	(286)	(828)	(332)	(349)	(587)	(189)	(382)	(19 764)
- Including depreciation charge	(593)	(141)	(31)	(111)	(49)	(61)	(95)	(24)	(47)	(1 152)
Other expenses less other income*	(1 522)	(6 520)	(668)	(1 347)	(3 065)	(3 481)	(2 085)	(64)	(4 294)	(23 046)
Current income tax expense	(1 035)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1 035)
Intersegment income/(expense)**	53 296	(19 496)	(24)	(9 986)	(1 916)	(3 733)	(4 551)	(1 078)	(12 512)	-
(Loss)/profit of reportable segments	(33 726)	13 027	(308)	10 650	664	(5 454)	2 220	1 198	12 342	613

* Other expenses less other income include losses from disposal of loans under cession agreements that is calculated under RAR as consideration received less nominal amount of sold loans, whereas provision for loan impairment under RAR at the date of sale of loans is recorded as provision recovery.

** Intersegment income and expense are used by CODM for information purpose only and not for identification of profit or loss of the operating segments.

15 Segment Analysis (Continued)

In millions of Russian Roubles

	Head office	Central federal district	Far-Eastern federal district	Volga federal district	North-West federal district	North-Caucasian federal district	Siberian federal district	Ural federal district	Southern federal district	Total
For the six months ended 30 June 2016 (unaudited)										
Revenue from external customers	24 872	37 459	4 004	22 847	10 243	6 459	10 139	3 940	14 671	134 634
- Interest income from loans and advances to customers, due from other banks and other placed funds	24 430	34 467	3 601	21 289	9 442	5 826	9 084	3 664	13 797	125 600
- Net fee and commission income from credit related operations	442	2 992	403	1 558	801	633	1 055	276	874	9 034
Gains less losses/(losses net of gains) arising from securities, derivative financial instruments and foreign currency	28 335	(17 203)	266	453	(632)	400	241	(2 977)	(3 349)	5 534
Interest expenses from due to other banks, customer accounts and bonds issued	(59 033)	(11 027)	(2 594)	(6 893)	(5 259)	(1 566)	(3 075)	(1 508)	(2 956)	(93 911)
(Provision)/recovery of provision for impairment*	(1 084)	6 773	(423)	7 205	4 239	(1 363)	(834)	(596)	2 257	16 174
Administrative and maintenance expense	(14 028)	(2 199)	(284)	(857)	(360)	(383)	(593)	(187)	(375)	(19 266)
- Including depreciation charge	(569)	(150)	(37)	(127)	(53)	(69)	(103)	(24)	(53)	(1 185)
Other expenses less other income*	(1 098)	(17 227)	(172)	(9 277)	(4 768)	(1 783)	(675)	(242)	(6 191)	(41 433)
Current income tax expense	(861)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(861)
Intersegment income/(expense)**	32 951	(3 034)	(639)	(11 335)	(2 886)	(4 346)	(5 881)	1 533	(6 363)	-
(Loss)/profit of reportable segments	(22 897)	(3 424)	797	13 478	3 463	1 764	5 203	(1 570)	4 057	871
Total assets										
30 June 2017 (unaudited)	1 821 935	771 369	122 343	434 828	193 347	122 321	182 385	103 873	269 235	4 021 636
31 December 2016	2 377 777	959 545	88 717	445 551	243 212	155 549	200 360	121 400	323 305	4 915 416

* Other expenses less other income include losses from disposal of loans under cession agreements that is calculated under RAR as consideration received less nominal amount of sold loans, whereas provision for loan impairment under RAR at the date of sale of loans is recorded as provision recovery.

** Intersegment income and expense are used by CODM for information purpose only and not for identification of profit or loss of the operating segments.

15 Segment Analysis (Continued)

Segment reporting of the Group's revenue and (loss)/profit for the three months ended 30 June 2017 and for the three months ended 30 June 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Head office	Central federal district	Far-Eastern federal district	Volga federal district	North-West federal district	North-Caucasian federal district	Siberian federal district	Ural federal district	Southern federal district	Total
For the three months ended 30 June 2017 (unaudited)										
Revenue from external customers	10 214	18 474	1 846	10 888	4 429	3 047	4 533	2 030	7 755	63 216
- Interest income from loans and advances to customers, due from other banks and other placed funds	9 964	16 861	1 556	9 661	3 931	2 648	3 779	1 813	7 166	57 379
- Net fee and commission income from credit related operations	250	1 613	290	1 227	498	399	754	217	589	5 837
Gains less losses/(losses net of gains) arising from securities, derivative financial instruments and foreign currency	4 227	3 814	(109)	(499)	(329)	(243)	(193)	1 460	2 070	10 198
Interest expenses from due to other banks, customer accounts and bonds issued	(23 851)	(5 647)	(1 538)	(3 881)	(2 431)	(750)	(1 797)	(994)	(1 436)	(42 325)
(Provision)/recovery of provision for impairment*	(7)	(4 151)	(728)	(1 504)	242	(3 941)	(1 115)	(246)	26	(11 424)
Administrative and maintenance expense	(7 923)	(558)	(144)	(412)	(163)	(174)	(293)	(95)	(190)	(9 952)
- Including depreciation charge	(303)	(70)	(15)	(57)	(24)	(30)	(48)	(12)	(24)	(583)
Other expenses less other income*	(788)	(2 997)	(93)	(918)	(494)	(2 740)	(461)	(63)	(465)	(9 019)
Current income tax expense	(648)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(648)
Intersegment income/(expense)**	33 741	(15 126)	325	(4 128)	(1 008)	(1 605)	(2 022)	(2 184)	(7 993)	-
(Loss)/profit of reportable segments	(18 776)	8 935	(766)	3 674	1 254	(4 801)	674	2 092	7 760	46

* Other expenses less other income include losses from disposal of loans under cession agreements that is calculated under RAR as consideration received less nominal amount of sold loans, whereas provision for loan impairment under RAR at the date of sale of loans is recorded as provision recovery.

** Intersegment income and expense are used by CODM for information purpose only and not for identification of profit or loss of the operating segments.

15 Segment Analysis (Continued)

In millions of Russian Roubles

	Head office	Central federal district	Far-Eastern federal district	Volga federal district	North-West federal district	North-Caucasian federal district	Siberian federal district	Ural federal district	Southern federal district	Total
For the three months ended 30 June 2016 (unaudited)										
Revenue from external customers	11 345	19 691	2 029	11 232	5 058	3 395	5 172	1 978	7 890	67 790
- Interest income from loans and advances to customers, due from other banks and other placed funds	11 122	18 234	1 806	10 411	4 648	3 072	4 604	1 811	7 437	63 145
- Net fee and commission income from credit related operations	223	1 457	223	821	410	323	568	167	453	4 645
Gains less losses/(losses net of gains) arising from securities, derivative financial instruments and foreign currency	12 643	(6 662)	85	220	(550)	227	124	(1 142)	(1 588)	3 357
Interest expenses from due to other banks, customer accounts and bonds issued	(28 095)	(5 318)	(1 216)	(3 405)	(2 991)	(750)	(1 502)	(742)	(1 432)	(45 451)
(Provision)/recovery of provision for impairment*	(1 102)	7 083	(278)	1 225	1 537	(1 213)	(448)	(585)	3 249	9 468
Administrative and maintenance expense	(6 746)	(1 728)	(153)	(471)	(204)	(211)	(327)	(102)	(204)	(10 146)
- Including depreciation charge	(294)	(72)	(18)	(63)	(26)	(34)	(51)	(12)	(26)	(596)
Other expenses less other income*	(546)	(16 320)	(142)	(1 278)	(2 339)	(1 080)	(549)	(110)	(5 545)	(27 909)
Current income tax expense	(536)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(536)
Intersegment income/(expense)**	22 302	(3 157)	(334)	(5 687)	(962)	(2 218)	(7 115)	434	(3 263)	-
(Loss)/profit of reportable segments	(13 037)	(3 254)	325	7 523	511	368	2 470	(703)	2 370	(3 427)

* Other expenses less other income include losses from disposal of loans under cession agreements that is calculated under RAR as consideration received less nominal amount of sold loans, whereas provision for loan impairment under RAR at the date of sale of loans is recorded as provision recovery.

** Intersegment income and expense are used by CODM for information purpose only and not for identification of profit or loss of the operating segments.

15 Segment Analysis (Continued)

Reconciliation of profit/(loss) of the reportable segments results is as follows:

(Unaudited) <i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	For the six months ended 30 June		For the three months ended 30 June	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Total profit/(loss) of reportable segments (after tax)	613	871	46	(3 427)
Adjustments of provision for impairment	385	(18 552)	(1 287)	(8 820)
Results of non-reportable segments, including the effect of consolidation*	(2 775)	(5 781)	(1 131)	(6 568)
Accounting for financial instruments at fair value	(6 618)	3 368	(1 447)	2 006
Adjustment of deferred tax	(633)	855	(1 386)	(95)
Gains less losses/(losses net of gains) from revaluation of other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	66	(292)	10	(328)
Adjustment of accrued staff costs	108	(1 336)	(85)	(623)
Adjustments of financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost	(337)	(3 401)	(1 721)	(3 401)
Other	(1 608)	(993)	111	18
The Group's loss under IFRS (after tax)	(10 799)	(25 261)	(6 890)	(21 238)

* Non-reportable segments are represented by subsidiaries of the Group.

Adjustments of provision for impairment are related to the difference between the methodology applied to calculate provisions for loan impairment under RAR used for preparation of management reporting and the methodology used for IFRS reporting. The provision under RAR is calculated based mainly on formal criteria depending on the financial position of the borrower, quality of debt service and collateral, whereas the provision under IFRS requirement is calculated based on incurred loss model.

Adjustments of derivative financial instruments to their fair value arise from the difference in the accounting treatment of currency swaps under RAR (which are the basis for management reporting) and IFRS reporting. Under RAR foreign exchange swaps are recognized as back-to-back deposits, whereas in IFRS financial statements such transactions are recognized at fair value. Refer to Note 17. Providing reconciliation, accounting for deals described above under RAR assumes also adjustments related to interest income/expense and total assets of reportable segments.

Adjustments to financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost resulted from accruals of interest income/expenses using effective interest rate method in IFRS, whereas there is nominal rate accrual approach used under RAR.

Balances of intercompany settlements related to regional branches of the Bank are represented under RAR as assets and liabilities, while in IFRS such balances are shown on a net basis.

Adjustments of deferred income tax expense and accrued staff costs arise from the timing difference in recognition of certain expenses under RAR compared to IFRS and regulatory requirements of tax-filing date.

All other adjustments also result from the differences between RAR (used as the basis for management reporting) and IFRS.

16 Contingencies and Commitments

Legal proceedings. From time to time in the normal course of business, claims against the Group are received. As at 30 June 2017, based on its own estimates and both internal and external professional advice the Group's management is of the opinion that no material losses will be incurred in respect of claims and accordingly no material provision for cover of such losses has been made in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements (31 December 2016: Group's management is of the opinion that no material losses will be incurred in respect of claims and accordingly no material provision for cover of such losses has been made in annual consolidated financial statements).

16 Contingencies and Commitments (Continued)

Tax contingencies. Certain provisions of Russian tax, currency and customs legislation as currently in effect are vaguely drafted which may often result in their different interpretation (which, inter alia, may apply retrospectively), inconsistent and selective application and frequent and unpredictable changes. Interpretation of this legislation by the Group in relation to the operations and activities of the Group may be challenged by the respective state authorities. The tax authorities may be taking a more assertive position in their interpretation of the applicable legislation, in carrying out tax audits and in making tax assessments. Consequently, the tax authorities may challenge transactions and tax accounting methods that have not been challenged in the past.

Fiscal periods remain open and subject to review by the tax authorities in course of the on-site tax audits for a period of three calendar years immediately preceding the year in which the decision to conduct a tax review is taken. Under certain circumstances tax reviews may cover longer periods.

Russian transfer pricing legislation allows the Russian tax authority under certain circumstances to apply transfer pricing adjustments and impose additional profits tax and VAT liabilities in respect of all “controlled” transactions if the transaction price differs from the market level of prices determined for tax purposes and such deviation resulted in the underpayment of the tax to the revenue. The list of “controlled” transactions includes transactions performed with related parties (subject to certain conditions) and certain types of cross-border transactions. Special transfer pricing rules apply to transactions with securities, derivatives and interest.

During six months ended 30 June 2017, the Group determined its tax liabilities arising from the “controlled” transactions using actual transaction prices.

Due to the absence of the stable practice of the application of the Russian transfer pricing legislation, the Russian tax authorities may challenge the level of prices applied by the Russian companies of the Group for tax purposes under the “controlled” transactions and accrue additional tax liabilities in relation to such transactions, unless the Group is able to demonstrate that the respective transactions are arms’ length for tax purposes.

As at 30 June 2017, the Management of the Group believes that its interpretation of the applicable legislation is reasonable and will be sustained.

Capital expenditure commitments. As at 30 June 2017, the Group has contractual capital expenditure commitments of RR 446 million (31 December 2016: RR 802 million).

Operating lease commitments. Where the Group is the lessee, the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Not later than 1 year	4 418	5 281
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	3 420	4 701
Later than 5 years	1 342	1 067
Total operating lease commitments	9 180	11 049

Compliance with covenants. The Group is subject to certain covenants primarily relating to its borrowings. Non-compliance with such covenants may result in negative consequences for the Group including an increase of the borrowing costs and announcement of the default. The Group’s Management believes that the Group is in compliance with the covenants.

Credit related commitments. The primary purpose of these instruments is to ensure that funds are available to a customer as required. Financial guarantees and standby letters of credit, which represent irrevocable assurances that the Group will make payments in the event that a customer cannot meet its obligations to third parties, carry the same credit risk as loans. Documentary and commercial letters of credit, which are written undertakings by the Group on behalf of a customer authorizing a third party to draw drafts on the Group up to a stipulated amount under specific terms and conditions, are collateralized by the underlying shipments of goods to which they relate or cash deposits and therefore carry less risk than a direct borrowing.

16 Contingencies and Commitments (Continued)

Commitments to extend credit represent unused portions of authorizations to extend credit in the form of loans, guarantees or letters of credit. With respect to credit risk on commitments to extend credit, the Group is potentially exposed to loss in an amount equal to the total unused commitments. However, the likely amount of loss is less than the total unused commitments since most commitments to extend credit are contingent upon customers maintaining specific credit standards. The Group monitors the term to maturity of credit related commitments because longer-term commitments generally have a greater degree of credit risk than shorter-term commitments.

Outstanding credit related commitments are as follows:

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Financial guarantees issued	161 851	105 257
Undrawn credit lines	98 568	117 963
Letters of credit	5 112	7 014
Less: provision for impairment	(467)	(339)
Total credit related commitments	265 064	229 895

Analysis of the movements in the provision for impairment of credit related commitments is as follows:

<i>(Unaudited) In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	For the six months ended 30 June 2017	For the six months ended 30 June 2016
Provision for impairment at 1 January	339	100
Provision for impairment for credit related commitments during the period	128	37
Provision for impairment at 30 June	467	137

Undrawn credit lines are represented by revocable credit lines. The Group has the right to revoke unused portion of credit line in response to a material adverse change of the borrower. As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, there were no grounds for cancellation of disclosed amount of unused credit lines.

The total outstanding contractual amount of revocable undrawn credit lines, letters of credit, and guarantees does not necessarily represent future cash requirements, as these financial instruments may expire or terminate without being funded.

Credit related commitments are denominated in currencies as follows:

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Russian Roubles	208 811	222 046
Euros	51 404	6 054
US Dollars	4 849	1 795
Total credit related commitments	265 064	229 895

16 Contingencies and Commitments (Continued)

Assets pledged and restricted. The Group had the following assets pledged and restricted:

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Assets pledged under loan agreements with banks (including CBRF)	27 294	28 469
Security deposit under the lease agreement	202	202

As at 30 June 2017, mandatory cash balances with the CBRF of RR 16 229 million (31 December 2016: RR 11 266 million) represent mandatory reserve deposits which are not available to finance the Group's day to day operations.

As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, assets pledged under loan agreements with banks (including CBRF) mainly include loans and advances to customers pledged to CBRF under loan agreements in accordance with the CBRF Act # 312-P *On the Procedures of Granting Loans Secured by Assets or Guarantees by CBRF to Credit Organisations* dated 12 November 2007.

17 Derivative Financial Instruments

Foreign exchange derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group are generally traded in an over-the-counter market with professional market counterparties. As a result of fluctuations in market interest rates, foreign exchange rates or other variables relative to their terms, derivative financial instruments are recognized as assets (in case of positive fair value) or liabilities (in case of negative fair value).

As at 30 June 2017, in the aggregate amount of foreign exchange swaps with original settlement dates of more than 30 working days prevails swaps structured as loans issued by the Group in US Dollars and Japanese yens (31 December 2016: in US Dollars and Japanese yens) to six large OECD banks and one Russian banking group with maturities from December 2017 to May 2023, and deposits in Russian Roubles received from the same counterparties with the same maturities ("back-to-back loans"). These transactions are aimed at economically hedging the currency exposure of the Group.

Part of these agreements contain special procedures for counterparties upon the occurrence of a credit event or an event of default (for example bankruptcy, failure to pay, obligation acceleration, repudiation/moratorium or restructuring external unsubordinated public liabilities, providing incorrect or misleading representation). The subjects of such events are the Group, and in some instances, the counterparty of the agreement, and/or the Russian Federation. Some of the agreements provide that no further mutual payment obligation between the parties is due, if a credit event or default event happens. Some agreements on the exchange of resources provide termination of liabilities with a mark-to-market payment in the case of a relevant event (e.g., a default event).

As at 30 June 2017, international credit ratings of these counterparties were not less than BB- (S&P) (31 December 2016: not less than BB- (S&P)).

Interest rate swaps entered into by the Group has underlying assets of RR floating interest rates and are entered into with the aim of interest rate risk management.

17 Derivative Financial Instruments (Continued)

The table below reflects gross positions in derivative financial instruments before netting of any counterparty positions as at 30 June 2017 and covers the contracts with settlement dates after the respective end of the reporting period:

<i>(Unaudited)</i> <i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Principal or agreed amount at fair value of assets receivable	Principal or agreed amount at fair value of assets payable	Positive fair value	Negative fair value
Forwards and swaps				
- Currency	264 424	(187 930)	79 512	(3 019)
- Interest rate	299	(300)	109	(110)
Options	9 569	(9 550)	208	(189)
Contracts with securities	4 037	(4 047)	1	(11)
Futures				
- Index	104	(100)	4	-
- Commodity	9	(9)	-	-
Total derivative financial instruments	278 442	(201 936)	79 834	(3 329)

The table below reflects gross positions in derivative financial instruments before netting of any counterparty positions as at 31 December 2016 and covers the contracts with settlement dates after the respective end of the reporting period:

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Principal or agreed amount at fair value of assets receivable	Principal or agreed amount at fair value of assets payable	Positive fair value	Negative fair value
Forwards and swaps				
- Currency	298 559	(179 595)	119 756	(792)
- Precious metals	164	(167)	-	(3)
- Interest rate	1 169	(1 120)	306	(257)
Contracts with securities	1 541	(1 542)	-	(1)
Futures				
- Index	141	(141)	-	-
- Currency	124	(124)	-	-
- Commodity	57	(57)	-	-
Total derivative financial instruments	301 755	(182 746)	120 062	(1 053)

As at 30 June 2017, the Group had two foreign exchange swaps with one foreign bank and one Russian banking group with rating not lower than BB- (S&P) with fair value each individually above 10% of the Group's equity (31 December 2016: three foreign exchange swaps with two foreign banks and one Russian bank with rating not lower than BB- (S&P) with fair value each individually above 10% of the Group's equity). As at 30 June 2017, receivables and payables on settlement of these foreign exchange swaps amounted to RR 67 893 million and RR 33 168 million, respectively, or 43% of total receivables or 41% of total payables on settlement of foreign exchange swaps (31 December 2016: RR 160 099 million and RR 73 788 million, respectively, or 71% of total receivables or 69% of total payables on settlement of foreign exchange swaps).

Refer to Note 18 for the disclosure of fair value hierarchy for derivative financial instruments. The information on related party transactions is disclosed in Note 19.

18 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The estimated fair values of financial instruments have been determined by the Group using available market information, where it exists, and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, judgement is necessarily required to interpret market data to determine the estimated fair value. The Russian Federation continues to display some characteristics of an emerging market and economic conditions continue to limit the volume of activity in the financial markets. Market quotations may be outdated or reflect distress sale transactions and therefore not represent fair values of financial instruments. Management has used all available market information in estimating the fair value of financial instruments.

Financial instruments carried at fair value. Trading securities, securities available for sale, and related trading and investment securities pledged under repurchase agreements are carried on the interim consolidated statement of financial position at their fair value based on quoted market prices and valuation techniques with all material inputs observable.

Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments are carried on the interim consolidated statement of financial position at their fair value based on valuation technique with inputs observable in markets. Derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative. The Group uses discounted cash flow techniques with observable market data inputs as offshore and onshore yield curves, as well as market data, reflecting the distribution of the probability of default over time.

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at amortised cost which approximates current fair value.

Loans and receivables carried at amortised cost. The fair value of floating rate instruments is normally their carrying amount. The estimated fair value of fixed interest rate bearing placements is based on discounted cash flows using current market interest rates for instruments with similar credit risk and similar maturity.

Held to maturity securities carried at amortised cost. The fair value for held to maturity securities and securities held to maturity pledged under repurchase agreements is based on quoted market prices and valuation techniques with all material inputs observable.

Liabilities carried at amortised cost. The fair value of bonds issued is based on market prices, if available. The estimated fair value of fixed interest rate instruments with stated maturity, for which a quoted market price is not available, was estimated based on expected cash flows discounted at current interest rates for new instruments with similar credit risk and similar remaining maturity.

18 Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(a) Fair value of financial instruments carried at amortised cost and at fair value

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	30 June 2017 (unaudited)		31 December 2016	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets carried at amortised cost				
Cash and cash equivalents	309 142	309 142	326 033	326 033
Mandatory cash balances with the CBRF	16 229	16 229	11 266	11 266
Due from other banks	63 847	64 047	55 491	55 448
Loans and advances to customers				
- Loans to corporates	1 396 757	1 400 687	1 270 289	1 261 375
- Lending for food interventions	39 495	39 495	33 921	33 921
- Reverse repo agreements	90	90	-	-
- Investments in agricultural cooperatives	323	323	346	346
- Loans to individuals	321 208	344 660	313 381	326 406
Investment securities held to maturity				
- Corporate bonds	14 852	14 604	7 975	7 745
- Municipal and subfederal bonds	8 638	8 650	1 501	1 515
- Federal Loan bonds (OFZ)	2 166	2 034	2 154	1 967
Other financial assets	6 698	6 698	10 258	10 258
Total financial assets carried at amortised cost	2 179 445	2 206 659	2 032 615	2 036 280
Financial assets carried at fair value	364 503	364 503	379 885	379 885
Total financial assets	2 543 948	2 571 162	2 412 500	2 416 165
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost				
Due to other banks:				
- Term borrowings from other banks	24 614	26 662	41 759	44 346
- Term borrowings from the CBRF	22 877	22 577	28 935	28 421
- Correspondent accounts and overnight placements of other banks	10 489	10 489	7 900	7 900
Customer accounts:				
- State and public organisations	369 035	369 521	392 958	393 134
- Other legal entities	745 768	747 735	571 778	573 084
- Individuals	733 911	733 990	613 031	612 192
Promissory notes issued	30 042	30 042	13 761	13 761
Bonds issued:				
- Eurobonds issued	194 229	199 441	294 941	303 058
- Bonds issued on domestic market	151 709	155 662	160 943	165 056
Other financial liabilities	5 325	5 325	4 885	4 885
Total financial liabilities carried at amortised cost before subordinated debts	2 287 999	2 301 444	2 130 891	2 145 837
Subordinated debts	138 269	147 238	153 124	158 940
Total financial liabilities carried at amortised cost	2 426 268	2 448 682	2 284 015	2 304 777
Financial liabilities carried at fair value	3 329	3 329	1 053	1 053
Total financial liabilities	2 429 597	2 452 011	2 285 068	2 305 830

18 Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Analysis by fair value hierarchy of financial instruments

Fair value measurements are analysed by level in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

- (i) level one are measurements at quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- (ii) level two measurements are valuations techniques with all material inputs observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices); and
- (iii) level three measurements are valuations not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

Management applies judgement in categorising financial instruments using the fair value hierarchy. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. The significance of a valuation input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Fair value hierarchy. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Analysis of financial and non-financial instruments as at 30 June 2017 is as follows:

(Unaudited) <i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Quoted price in an active market (Level 1)	Valuation technique with inputs observable in markets (Level 2)	Valuation technique with non- observable inputs (Level 3)	Total
Assets measured at fair value				
Trading securities	27 518	-	-	27 518
Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	-	1 925	-	1 925
Investment securities available for sale	208 290	46 936	-	255 226
Derivative financial instruments	-	79 834	-	79 834
Office premises	-	-	8 985	8 985
Assets for which fair values are disclosed				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	309 142	-	309 142
Mandatory cash balances with the CBRF	-	-	16 229	16 229
Due from other banks	-	64 047	-	64 047
Loans and advances to customers	-	-	1 785 256	1 785 256
Investment securities held to maturity	23 185	2 103	-	25 288
Other financial assets carried at amortised cost	-	-	6 697	6 697
Total financial and non-financial assets	258 993	503 987	1 817 167	2 580 147
Liabilities measured at fair value				
Derivative financial instruments	-	3 329	-	3 329
Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed				
Due to other banks	-	59 728	-	59 728
Customer accounts	-	-	1 851 246	1 851 246
Promissory notes issued	-	-	30 042	30 042
Bonds issued:				
- Eurobonds issued	199 441	-	-	199 441
- Bonds issued on domestic market	140 614	15 048	-	155 662
Other financial liabilities	-	-	5 325	5 325
Total financial liabilities before subordinated debts	340 055	78 105	1 886 613	2 304 773
Subordinated debts	34 920	112 318	-	147 238
Total financial liabilities	374 975	190 423	1 886 613	2 452 011

18 Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

Analysis of financial and non-financial instruments as at 31 December 2016 is as follows:

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Quoted price in an active market (Level 1)	Valuation technique with inputs observable in markets (Level 2)	Valuation technique with non- observable inputs (Level 3)	Total
Assets measured at fair value				
Trading securities	25 040	-	-	25 040
Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	-	2 374	-	2 374
Investment securities available for sale	188 323	44 086	-	232 409
Derivative financial instruments	-	120 062	-	120 062
Office premises	-	-	7 415	7 415
Assets for which fair values are disclosed				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	326 033	-	326 033
Mandatory cash balances with the CBRF	-	-	11 266	11 266
Due from other banks	-	55 448	-	55 448
Loans and advances to customers	-	-	1 622 048	1 622 048
Investment securities held to maturity	8 282	2 945	-	11 227
Other financial assets carried at amortised cost	-	-	10 258	10 258
Total financial and non-financial assets	221 645	550 948	1 650 987	2 423 580
Liabilities measured at fair value				
Derivative financial instruments	-	1 053	-	1 053
Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed				
Due to other banks	-	80 667	-	80 667
Customer accounts	-	-	1 578 410	1 578 410
Promissory notes issued	-	-	13 761	13 761
Bonds issued:				
- Eurobonds issued	303 058	-	-	303 058
- Bonds issued on domestic market	159 576	5 480	-	165 056
Other financial liabilities	-	-	4 885	4 885
Total financial liabilities before subordinated debts	462 634	87 200	1 597 056	2 146 890
Subordinated debts	39 045	119 895	-	158 940
Total financial liabilities	501 679	207 095	1 597 056	2 305 830

There were no financial instruments carried at fair value based on a valuation technique with non-observable inputs (Level 3) as at 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: none).

18 Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

The table below reflects transfers of financial instruments measured at fair value between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy during six months ended 30 June 2017:

(Unaudited) <i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2	
	From Level 1 to Level 2	From Level 2 to Level 1
Financial assets		
Investment securities available for sale	3 694	-
Total transfers of financial assets	3 694	-

The table below reflects transfers of financial instruments measured at fair value between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy during 2016:

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2	
	From Level 1 to Level 2	From Level 2 to Level 1
Financial assets		
Investment securities available for sale	2 266	48 094
Total transfers of financial assets	2 266	48 094

Financial instruments are transferred from Level 2 to Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy when they become traded in active markets and fair value can be determined based on quoted prices in active markets.

Financial instruments are transferred from Level 1 to Level 2 when they ceased to be traded in active markets. The liquidity on the market is not sufficient to use market prices for valuation and as a result fair value is determined using valuation techniques with all material inputs observable.

There were no other transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy during six months ended 30 June 2017 and during the year ended 31 December 2016.

The following table shows the quantitative information as at 30 June 2017 about significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

Assets	Fair value, <i>in millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Valuation technique	Inputs used		
			Input	Min	Max
Office premises (based on valuation at 31 December 2015, fair value of new objects acquired in 2016 and 2017 equals to current value)	8 985	Comparative method	Trade discount	8.0%	20.0%

The following table shows the quantitative information as at 31 December 2016 about significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

Assets	Fair value, <i>in millions of Russian Roubles</i>	Valuation technique	Inputs used		
			Input	Min	Max
Office premises (based on valuation at 31 December 2015, fair value of new objects acquired in 2016 equals to current value)	7 415	Comparative method	Trade discount	8.0%	20.0%

19 Related Party Transactions

For the purposes of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements, parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party, is under common control, or can exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions. The Bank's only shareholder is the Government of the Russian Federation represented by the Federal Agency for Managing State Property, the Ministry of Finance of the Russian Federation and The State Corporation "Deposit Insurance Agency". Refer to Note 1.

In these interim condensed consolidated financial statements, significant balances and transactions with the state-controlled entities and parties that are related to such entities and balances and transactions with related parties represented by key management and their family members are disclosed.

The outstanding balances with related parties were as follows:

<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Cash and cash equivalents		
CBRF	126 223	128 335
Other banks	92 284	110 097
Loans and advances to customers		
Loans and advances to customers (before impairment)	123 814	59 782
Less: provision for loan impairment	(3 714)	(2 961)
Derivative financial instruments — assets	15 709	17 145
Securities		
Securities issued by Russian Federation	158 140	148 091
Securities of entities and banks	74 773	50 584
Due from other banks	33 733	28 510
Other assets		
State Corporation Deposit Insurance Agency	1 547	5 884
Accrued subsidies under the government program to subsidize mortgage and car loans	44	432
Customer accounts		
Entities	520 248	508 515
Key management and their family members	2 108	1 565
Due to other banks		
CBRF	22 877	28 930
Other banks	15 627	13 286
Derivative financial instruments — liabilities	66	100
Subordinated debts	68 672	70 524
Credit related commitments		
Undrawn credit lines	38 054	71 133
Financial guarantees issued	10 922	9 044
Financial guarantees received	21 503	22 721

19 Related Party Transactions (Continued)

The income and expense items with related parties were as follows:

(Unaudited)	For the six months ended 30 June		For the three months ended 30 June	
<i>In millions of Russian Roubles</i>	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest income on cash and cash equivalents				
CBRF	4 054	548	634	25
Other banks	753	2 391	347	433
<hr/>				
Interest income on due from other banks	1 655	803	435	187
<hr/>				
Interest income on loans and advances to customers	5 839	5 744	2 351	2 839
<hr/>				
Interest income on securities				
Securities issued by Russian Federation	7 445	6 701	3 755	3 540
Securities of entities and banks	1 433	1 719	670	664
<hr/>				
Gains less losses from securities				
Securities issued by Russian Federation	7 804	909	7 535	374
Securities of entities and banks	152	251	57	468
<hr/>				
Losses net of gains from derivative financial instruments	(1 068)	(1 788)	(187)	(885)
<hr/>				
Interest expense on customer accounts				
Entities	(24 414)	(21 291)	(11 039)	(9 604)
Key management and their family members	(56)	(44)	(31)	(21)
<hr/>				
Interest expense on subordinated debts	(1 781)	(2 134)	(797)	(904)
<hr/>				
Interest expense on due to other banks				
CBRF	(1 017)	(2 057)	(470)	(843)
Other banks	(300)	(283)	(194)	(151)
<hr/>				
Administrative and other operating expenses				
Payments to the Deposit Insurance Fund (SC DIA)	(1 494)	(975)	(776)	(518)

During six months ended 30 June 2017, transactions with the shareholder included share capital increase, taxes paid and subsidies received under the government program to subsidize mortgage, car loans and agriculture loans.

19 Related Party Transactions (Continued)

During six months ended 30 June 2017, the Bank increased its share capital by issuing 5 000 ordinary shares with the total nominal amount of RR 5 000 million. All shares were purchased by the Bank's only shareholder — the Government of the Russian Federation represented by the Federal Agency for Managing State Property.

Key management of the Group represents members of the Supervisory Board, the Management Board and Chief Accountant of the Bank. For the six months ended 30 June 2017 total remuneration of the key management amounted to RR 173 million (for the six months ended 30 June 2016: RR 215 million).

20 Events after the End of the Reporting Period

In June 2017, the Bank's shareholder declared dividends for the year ended 31 December 2016 in the amount of RR 257 million. Dividends were paid out to the Bank's shareholder in July 2017.

In August 2017, General Meeting of Shareholders of the Bank approved increase in the share capital by issuing 25 000 ordinary shares with the total nominal amount of RR 25 000 million.